

2010
MRS



FALL
MEETING

Boston, MA • November 29–December 3

**PROGRAM
AND
EXHIBIT
GUIDE**

P10.4 TRANSFERRED TO P3.76

P10.5

Nanomechanics, Bending Stability, and Failure of Layered Silicates as Function of CEC and Stress. Yao-Tsung Fu¹, Gregory D. Zartman¹, Hua Liu¹, Ras B. Pandey², Lawrence F. Drummy³ and Hendrik Heinz¹; ¹Department of Polymer Engineering, University of Akron, Akron, Ohio; ²Department of Physics, University of Southern Mississippi, Hattiesburg, Mississippi; ³Nanostructured and Biological Materials Branch, Air Force Research Laboratory, Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio.

P10.6

Surface Modification Effect in Polycrystalline Y₂O₃ Subjected to High Pressure Processing Stuart Deutsch, Jafar F. Al-Sharab, Bernard H. Kear, Oleg Voronov and Stephen D. Tse; Materials Science & Engineering, Rutgers University, Piscataway, New Jersey.

P10.7

Electronic Transport Properties of Graphene with Extreme Mechanical Deformation. Haiyuan Gao¹, Yang Xu¹, Bin Yu² and Zhonghe Jin¹; ¹Institute of Microelectronics and Optoelectronics, Zhejiang University, Hangzhou, China; ²College of Nanoscale Science and Engineering, State University of New York, Albany, New York.

P10.8

Abstract Withdrawn

P10.9

Grain Boundary Related Indentation Strain Bursts in Mo and Ta Metals. Girija R. Marathe and Rainer J. Hebert; Department of Chemical, Materials and Biomolecular Engineering, University of Connecticut, Storrs, Connecticut.

P10.10

Abstract Withdrawn

P10.11

Micro-devices Based on Reversible Deformation of Thin-films by Surface-chemical Modification. Jatinder S. Randhawa, Michael D. Keung, Pawan Tyagi and David H. Gracias; Department of Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Maryland.

P10.12 TRANSFERRED TO P8.5

P10.13

Abstract Withdrawn

P10.14

Shell Adhesion in the Presence of Long-range Attraction I: Spherical Cap. Jiayi Shi, Sinan Muftu and Kai-tak Wan; Mechanical and Industrial Engineering, Northeastern University, Boston, Massachusetts.

P10.15

Geometrically-controlled Mechanomodulability. Lin Han¹, Lifeng Wang², Khek-Khiang Chia³, Robert E. Cohen^{3,4}, Michael F. Rubner^{1,4}, Mary C. Boyce² and Christine Ortiz¹; ¹Department of Materials Science and Engineering, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Massachusetts; ²Department of Mechanical Engineering, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Massachusetts; ³Department of Chemical Engineering, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Massachusetts; ⁴Center for Materials Science and Engineering, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Massachusetts.

P10.16

Atomic Scale Plasticity in Magnesium and Mg-Al Alloys. Thomas Nogaret¹, Louis G. Hector² and William A. Curtin¹; ¹Mechanical Engineering, Brown University, Providence, Rhode Island; ²GM Technical Center, General Motors, Warren, Michigan.

P10.17

Reaction Pathway Analysis of Homogeneous Dislocation Nucleation in a Perfect Molybdenum Crystal. Hasan A. Saeed, Satoshi Izumi, Shotaro Hara and Shinsuke Sakai; Department of Mechanical Engineering, The University of Tokyo, Tokyo, Japan.

P10.18

Nanoparticle Induced Ductility in Zirconium Oxide. Deeder Aurongzeb, Reliability Engineering, The University of Maryland, College park, Maryland.

P10.19

Mechanical Properties of Thermoplastic Starch (TPS), Polycaprolactone (PCL) and Sisal Fibers Biocomposites Reinforced with Surface Modified Sisal Fibers. Adriana d. Campos¹, Eliangela Teixeira¹, Rodrigo Tonelli¹, Ana Carolina Correa¹, Jose Manoel Marconcini¹, Sandra Mara Martins-Franchetti² and Luiz Henrique Capparelli Mattoso¹; ¹Laboratório Nacional de Nanotecnologia para o Agronegócio, Embrapa Instrumentação Agropecuária, São Carlos, So Paulo, Brazil; ²Biochemistry and Microbiology Department, Universidade Estadual Paulista Júlio de Mesquita Filho - UNESP, Rio Claro, So Paulo, Brazil.

P10.20

Atomistic Study of the Mechanical Properties of Cu-Zr Metallic-glass Nanowires. K. Koshiyama and K. Shintani; Department of Mechanical Engineering and Intelligent Systems, University of Electro-Communications, Chofu, Tokyo, Japan.

P10.21

Atomistic Study of the Mechanical Stability of Multi-layered Graphene Nanobridges. T. Nakajima and K. Shintani; Department of Mechanical Engineering and Intelligent Systems, University of Electro-Communications, Chofu, Tokyo, Japan.

P10.22

In-Situ Spectroscopy and Modeling Approaches for Deformation Behavior of Nanoscale Interface Materials. Takakazu Suzuki¹, W. Suetaka¹, A. H. Suzuki¹, T. Sato¹ and T. Suzuki¹; ¹TSS Research Laboratory, Tsukuba, Japan; ²Nano-System Research Institute, AIST, Tsukuba, Japan.

P10.23

Dislocation Junctions and Jogs in a Free-standing FCC Thin Film. Seok-Woo Lee¹, Sylvie Aubry², Wei Cai² and William D. Nix¹; ¹Materials Science and Engineering, Stanford University, Stanford, California; ²Mechanical Engineering, Stanford University, Stanford, California.

P10.24

Micro/Nano Structure and Morphology of Multi-phase Polymer/Oxide Composites Prepared by Powder Melt Processing. Giordiana Giancola and Richard L. Lehman; Materials Science and Engineering, Rutgers University, Piscataway, New Jersey.

P10.25

A New Method to Evaluate the Interfacial Friction between Carbon-nanotubes and Matrix. Quan Xu¹, Yuqin Yao², Jianyu Liang² and Zhenhai Xia¹; ¹Department of Mechanical Engineering, The University of Akron, Akron, Ohio; ²Department of Mechanical Engineering, Worcester Polytechnic Institute, Worcester, Massachusetts.

P10.26

Mechanical Properties and Size Effect of <111>-oriented Si Nanowires. Yong-Jae Kim, In-Chul Choi, Kwangsoo Son, Won Il Park and Jae-il Jang; Materials science and engineering, Hanyang university, Seoul, Korea, Republic of.

P10.27

Fracture Mechanism of Copper Micro-crystals by Diamond Single Crystal. Seisuke Kano and Atsushi Korenaga; AMRI, AIST, Tsukuba, Ibaraki, Japan.

P10.28

Influence of Processing Conditions on Mechanical and Structural Properties of Micrometer-order DLC Structures Produced by FIB-CVD Method. Naomichi Sakamoto¹, Yusai Akita², Hiroyuki Harada², Takuya Yasuno¹ and Yasuo Kogo²; ¹Science and Technology, Iwaki Meisei University, Iwaki, Japan; ²Material Science and Technology, Tokyo University of Science, Noda, Japan.

P10.29

Effect of Ag Content on Electrical Conductivity and Tensile Properties of Cu-Ti-Ag Alloys. Taek-Kyun Jung, Hyuk-Chon Kwon and Hyo-Soo Lee; Korea Institute of Industrial Technology, Incheon, Korea, Republic of.

P10.30

Size Effect on Bending Properties of DLC Nanopillar Produced by FIB-CVD. Yasuo Kogo¹, Hiroyuki Harada¹, Yoji Shibutani², Naomichi Sakamoto³ and Takuya Yasuno³; ¹Department of Material Science and Technology, Tokyo University of Science, Noda, Japan; ²Department of Mechanical Engineering, Osaka

Program Number: P10.19

Day / Time: Thursday, Dec. 2, 8:00 PM - 11:00 PM

Mechanical Properties of Thermoplastic Starch (TPS) , Polycaprolactone (PCL) and Sisal Fibers Biocomposites Reinforced with Surface Modified Sisal Fibers.

A.d.Campos¹; E.Teixeira¹; R.Tonelli¹; A.Correa¹; J.Marconcini¹; S.Martins-Franchetti²; L.Mattoso¹

1. Laborat^orio Nacional de Nanotecnologia para o Agroneg^ocio, Embrapa Instrumenta^o Agropecu^oria, S^o Carlos, S^o Paulo, Brazil; 2. Biochemistry and Microbiology Department, Universidade Estadual Paulista J^ulio de Mesquita Filho - UNESP, Rio Claro, S^o Paulo, Brazil

Natural fibers as sisal have received considerable attention as an environmentally friendly because of their light weight, non toxic, low cost and biodegradable properties.

However, lack of good interfacial adhesion, low melting point, and poor resistance towards moisture make the use of natural fiber reinforced composites less attractive. Pretreatments of the natural fiber can clean the fiber surface, chemically modify the surface, stop the moisture absorption process, and increase the surface roughness. Among the various pretreatment techniques, chemical treatments is one of the methods for surface modifies the fiber. In the present work, fibers were treated with alkaline peroxide (bleaching). These fibers with surface modification were used in polymer matrix of thermoplastic starch (TPS) and polycaprolactone (PCL), both biodegradable polymers. Sisal fibers, in different compositions: 5, 10 and 20% were extruded in a twin-screw extruder with TPS/PCL (80:20 wt) and analysed by scanning electron microscopy (SEM), mechanical test, dynamic mechanical thermal analysis (DMTA), thermogravimetry (TGA) and differential scanning calorimetry (DSC). Composites with 20% sisal fiber showed increase of 41% of elastic modulus. It is observed by Tan delta curves the increase of Tg when increase the fiber percentage, indicating good adhesion and good dispersion of fiber in matrix. Thermal stability was increased by addition of sisal fibers in matrix. This study showed that sisal fibers treated with alkaline peroxide (bleaching) have good interaction/adhesion with TPS/PCL matrix.

Citation: A.d.Campos, E.Teixeira, R.Tonelli, A.Correa, J.Marconcini, S.Martins-Franchetti, L.Mattoso. Mechanical Properties of Thermoplastic Starch (TPS) , Polycaprolactone (PCL) and Sisal Fibers Biocomposites Reinforced with Surface Modified Sisal Fibers.. Program No. P10.19. 2010 Abstract Viewer. Boston, MA: Materials Research Society

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