

WPRS International Organization for Biological and Integrated Control of Noxious Animals and Plants: West Palaearctic Regional Section **SROP** Organisation Internationale de Lutte Biologique et Intégrée contre les Animaux et les Plantes Nuisibles: Section Régionale Ouest Paléarctique

8th International Conference on Integrated Fruit Production



IFP 2012

Kuşadası, 07-12 October, 2012

Meeting of the WG:

INTEGRATED PLANT PROTECTION IN FRUIT CROPS

PROGRAM and **ABSTRACTS**

Bornova Plant Protection Research Station, Izmir, Turkey







IOBC/WPRS WORKING GROUP:

INTEGRATED PLANT PROTECTION IN FRUIT CROPS

Convenor

CLAUDIO IORIATTI

Fondazione Edmund Mach, Center for Technology Transfer Experiment and Technological Services Department Via E. Mach, 1 I-38010 S. Michele all'Adige (TN), ITALY Tel +39-0461-615 514 E-mail: claudio.ioriatti@fmach.it

Strategies for the Integrated Management of Pest Insects in Peach Orchards in the South Region of Brazil

Marcos Botton¹, Dori Nava², Cristiano Arioli³,

¹*Embrapa Grape and Wine,* ²*Embrapa Temperate Climate,* ³*Epagri Videira,*

Evaluate and implement new control alternatives for the management of the main peach pests in the South Region of Brazil, using strategies other than phosphate and pyrethroid insecticides

For the control of *G. molesta*, laboratory and field experiments were carried out to identify new insecticides to control the species and implement mating disruption technique. In the case of *A. fraterculus*, the use of new food lures for monitoring and toxic bait with hydrolyzed protein for population suppression were evaluated. Furthermore, an alert system was established based on insect monitoring at a pilot area located in the region of Pelotas. Neonicotinoid insecticides applied to the soil at the beginning of sprouting were evaluated for the control of *P. pentagona*.

Synthetic insecticides (chlorantraniliprole, etofenprox, lufenuron and novaluron), as well as formulations for mating disruption (Biolita®, Cetro® and Splat Grafo®) were developed for the integrated management of *Grapholita molesta*. Hydrolyzed protein-based feed attractants and torula yeast were evaluated and made available for the monitoring and population suppression of fruit fly. In this case, in situation of high infestation, the use of phosmet and deltamethrin is still necessary to avoid production losses, especially when the attack occurs during the harvest. It was observed that it is possible to control fruit flies with toxic bait and that the alert system helps the growers to adopt control measures. The white peach scale *Pseudaulacaspis pentagona* has been controlled with the use of thiamethoxam applied to the soil at the beginning of sprouting. The use of these technologies reduced in up to 50% the amount of active ingredient applied per hectare per year when compared to the use of phosphate and pyrethroid insecticides. The replacement of phosphate insecticides by lower toxicity products did not result in increased production losses.

In the South Region of Brazil it is possible to replace phosphate insecticides for the control of *Grapholita molesta* in peach orchards. The use of toxic baits reduces cover applications for the control of fruit fly *Anastrepha fraterculus*. Neonicotinoid insecticides applied in the soil are effective for the control of *Pseudaulacaspis pentagona*.

References

- Arioli, C. J. ; Botton, M.; Carvalho, G. A. . Controle Quâmico Da Grapholita Molesta (Busck) (Lepidoptera: Tortricidae) Na Cultura Do Pessegueiro. Ciã^ancia Rural, V. 34, N. 6, P. 1695-1700, 2004.
- Arioli, C. J.;Carvalho, G. A. ; Botton, M. Monitoramento De Grapholita Molesta (Busck) (Lidoptera: Tortricidae) Na Cultura Do Pessegueiro Com Feromã'Nio Sexual Sintã©Tico. Bioassay (Piracicaba), V. 1, P. 1-5, 2006.
- Hã,,Rter, W. Da R. ; Grutzmacher, A. D. ; Nava, D.E. ; Goncalves, R. S.; Botton, M. Isca Tã³Xica E Disrupã§Ã£O Sexual No Controle Da Mosca-Da-Fruta Sul-Americana E

Da Mariposa-Oriental Em Pessegueiro. Pesquisa Agropecuã¡Ria Brasileira, V. 45, P. 229-235, 2010.

Scoz, P. L.; Botton, M.; Garcia, M.S; Pastori, P.L. Avaliaã§Ã£O De Atrativos Alimentares E Armadilhas Para O Monitoramento De Anastrepha Fraterculus (Wiedemann, 1830) (Diptera: Tephritidae) Na Cultura Do Pessegueiro (Prunus Persica (L.) Batch). Idesia (Arica), V. 24, P. 7-13, 2006.