EVALUATION OF RUBBER (Hevea brasiliensis Muell Arg.) FOR DRAUGHT RESISTENCE. I. PERFORMANCE OF SOME CLONES UNDER

INCREASING WATER DEFICIT CONDITIONS

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The effects of increasing water deficits in soil on photo synthesis, stomatic resistence and leaf water potential we re studied in 85-day-old young plants of clones IAN 717, IAN 873, IAN 2903, IAN 3087, IAN 6323 and Fx 3899 growing in the greenhouse. Clones were observed to be influenced to a varying degree when the water deficits in the soil in creased. Characteristic performance as revealed by these physiological indicators for draught resistence suggested that IAN 717, IAN 873 and IAN 3087 were the most tolerant to dehydration, IAN 6323 capable of preventing it and IAN 2903 and Fx 3899 having more of the characteristic in pre-

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ventingin rather than toleranting dryness.