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Chemical composition of the scent from living flowers of *Temnadenia odorifera* (Vell.) J. F. Morales (Apocynaceae)

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Temnadenia odorifera is an endemic species from Brazil and occurs in almost all Brazilian states with coastal areas,¹ dominated by sand dune environments and covered by shrubby and herbaceous plants, known as “restingas”. Restinga areas belong to Atlantic Rainforest biome, which is one of the most important biodiversity hotspots of the world. Although *T. odorifera* has a sweet and very pleasant fragrance (somewhat rose-like aroma in character), the volatiles of its flowers have never been studied. Therefore, the aim of this work was to study the chemical composition of the natural odor of living flowers of *T. odorifera*. The floral odor of *T. odorifera* in anthesis ($n=6$) was collected using solid phase microextraction and dynamic headspace *in vivo* with adsorption on Porapak Q® (3 mg), followed by elution with 60 μ L of hexane and GC-FID and GC-MS analysis.² The quantification of the volatiles was performed by means of internal standardization and correction using a response factor. Altogether, 22 compounds were identified in the fragrance composition of *T. odorifera*. The floral odor main compounds were benzaldehyde, benzyl alcohol, cinnamyl alcohol and 2-phenylethanol, the latter being responsible for more than 70% of the volatile composition.

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