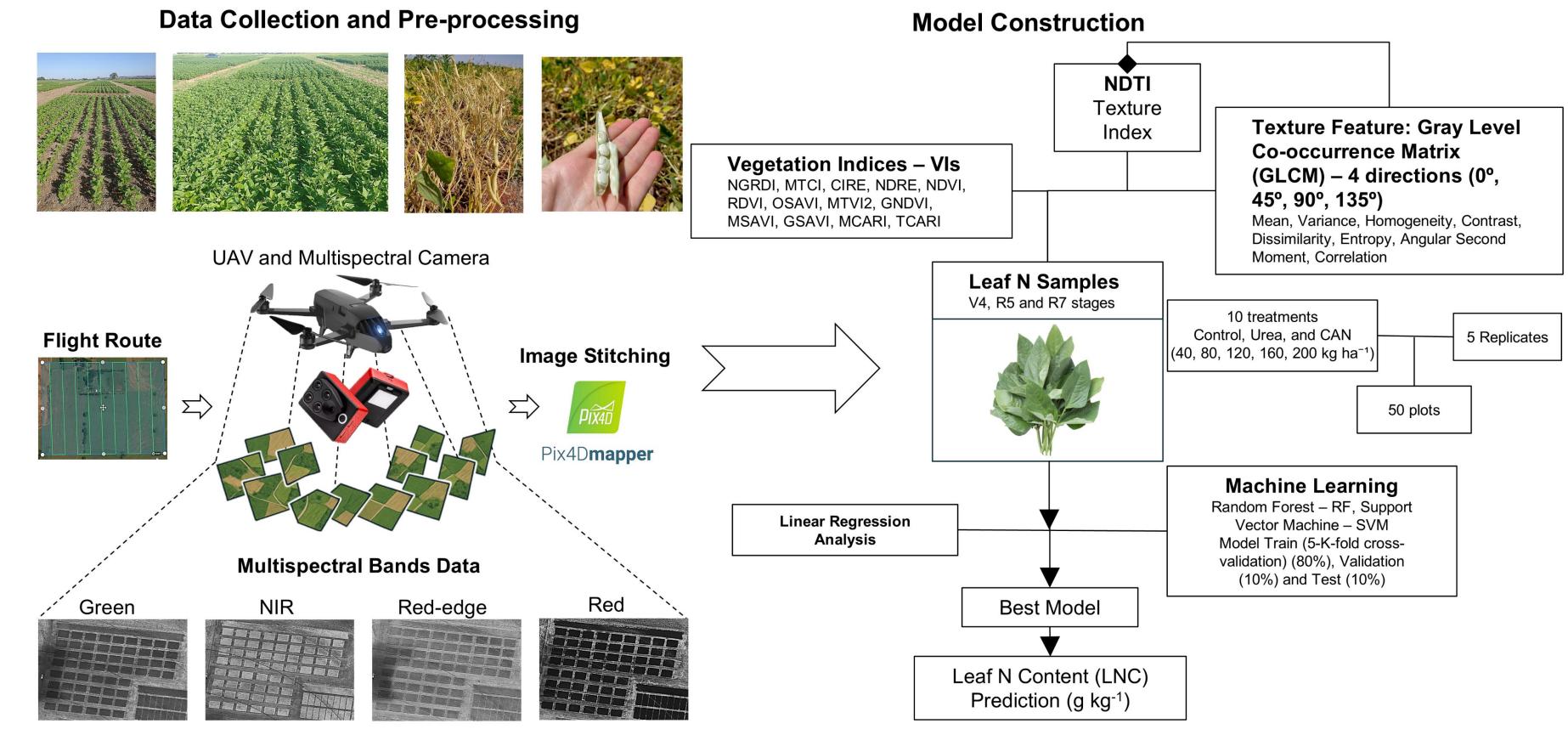
# Optimizing nitrogen estimates in common bean canopies throughout key growth stages via spectral and textural data from unmanned aerial vehicle (UAV) multispectral imagery

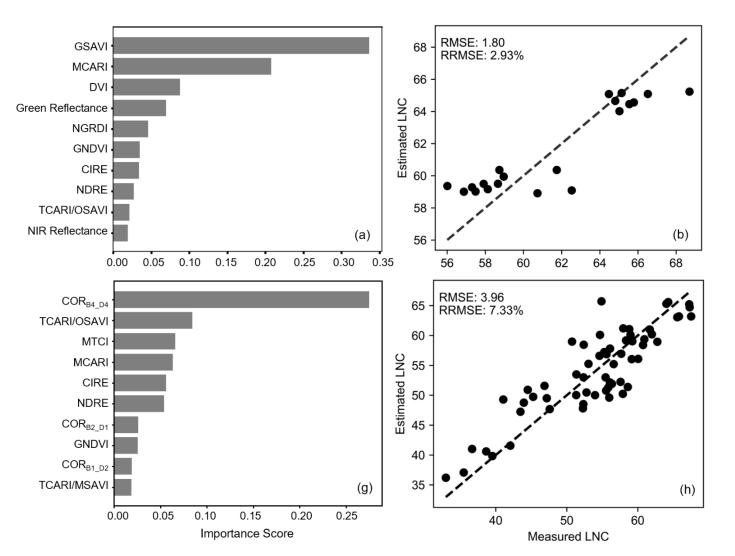
## Introduction

## Methods

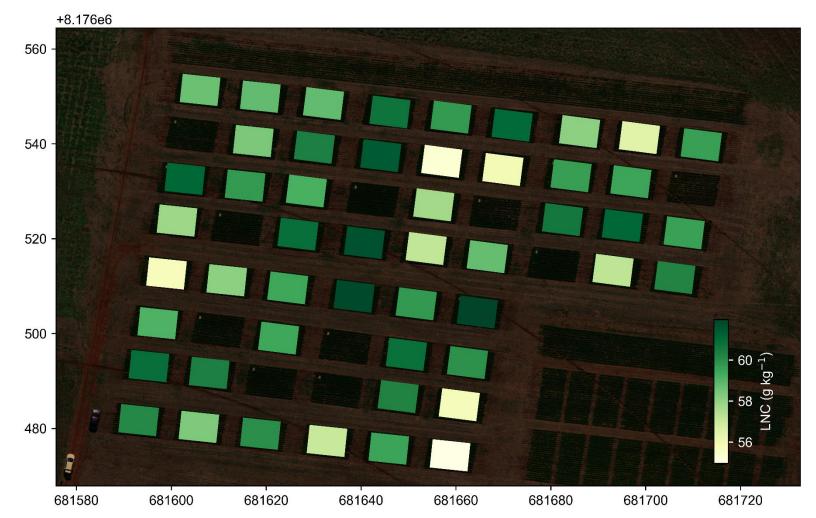
This study evaluates the integration of multispectral and texture data from UAV imagery to estimate leaf nitrogen content (LNC) in common bean across different growth stages.



### **Results and discussion**



Top ten features importance and the relationship between the leaf N content – LNC (g kg<sup>-1</sup>) estimated vs. the LNC measured by VIs and



Prediction map over the 2021/2022 crop season indicating the leaf N content (LNC) related to every plot in the UAV-based image for the V4 common bean growth stage. The model used for inference was the

texture metrics using (a, b) support vector machine (SVM) model at V4; and (g, h) random forest (RF) model over the three stages (entire season). The dashed lines indicate 1:1.

support vector machine (SVM) and only the top 10 features.

## Conclusion

- While individual metrics showed limited predictive power, the integration of data sources significantly enhanced estimation accuracy;
- Best model varies for each/entire stage;
- Our findings provide practical guidance for nitrogen management;
- Our models were developed using data from a single location over two seasons; thus, broader validation is needed across diverse environmental conditions and cultivars.

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