Phosphorus and aluminium in soil, leaves and litter of Ceiba pentandra (L.) Gaertn and Virola surinamensis (Rol.) Warb *

E. Neves, C.A. Ferreira, A.F.J. Bellote, CNPF/EMBRAPA, Curitiba C.B. Reissmann, Paraná Federal University, Curitiba L. Gasparotto, CPAA/EMBRAPA, Manaus O. Dünisch, J. Bauch Institute for Wood Biology, Hamburg University

Four trees of 55 month-old *Ceiba pentandra* and *Virola surinamensis* were sampled at the experimental field of the CPAA/EMBRAPA in Manaus-AM. They were separated into leaves, stems, branches and roots. Soil was collected at 0-10cm, 10-30cm and 30-60cm depth in the same period. Litter was collected monthly during a year. The contents of phosphorus (P) and aluminium (Al) of the soil samples were analysed. Available P in the soil was extracted with HCl $0.5 \, \text{N} + \text{H}_2 \text{SO}_4 \, 0.025 \, \text{N}$ and exchangeable Al was extracted with KCl 1 N. The element contents of leaves and litter were determined by means of ICP-OES analyses.

Soil analysis showed low contents of available P in Ceiba pentandra and Virola surinamensis plots as well, whereas the contents of exchangeable Al were between 0.9-1.6 cmol_c/dm³ for Ceiba pentandra and 0.3-1.4 cmol_c/dm³ for Virola surinamensis. The concentrations of P and Al in leaves revealed that Virola surinamensis is more demanding in P and more tolerant in Al than Ceiba pentandra. However, higher values of P and Al were found in litter samples of Ceiba pentandra. This shows that nutrient cycling is improved in Ceiba pentandra compared to Virola surinamensis.

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