

3rd International Symposium on Guava and Other *Myrtaceae*





Assessment of nutritional status of seedlings guavas trees using preliminary DRIS norms and sufficiency ranges

William Natale¹, Henrique Antunes de Souza², Danilo Eduardo Rozane³, Daniel Angelucci de Amorim⁴, Maria Jacqueline Thomazini Dias¹

Brazil is one of the largest producers of guava in the world, however, to maintain orchard productivity and longevity it is need to purchase plants healthy and well nourished. Whereas the charts with tracks sufficiency, or methods that help in assessing the most limiting nutrient (DRIS) could help in the management and consequently the production of quality seedlings, there is a need to establish standards and/or suitable levels for plants. Thus, the objective of this work was to propose preliminary DRIS norms and derive critical levels and nutrient sufficiency ranges in the leaves of guava plants in conditions of commercial nursery in the state of Sao Paulo - Brazil. Sixtyeight leaves samples were evaluated, from fertilization trials with seedlings. It was used Paluma guava seedlings, the most planted in Brazil, obtained from the vegetative propagation of selected matrices and pruned 70 days before the removal of herbaceous cuttings. The seedlings were conducted in a nursery covered with 30% shading screen, packed in polyethylene bags of 1.5 dm⁻³ of volume, containing a pine bark substrate and placed on benches with no spacing between the bags. The seedlings were evaluated when they were about 50 cm high, determining the nutrient content in leaves and dry matter. In the subpopulation of low productivity (84% of the population) the limiting nutrients by lacking in descending order, were: N>Cu>P=K>Mn>Fe=Zn>S>B=Mg>Ca, and limiting by excess in descending order, were: B>Ca>Fe>Mn>S>Mg>P>Zn>N=K. The ranges from the appropriate DRIS indices were: 24 to 28, 2.4 to 3.1, 21to 29, 6 to 8, 1.9 to 2.9 and 1.9 to 2.3 (g kg⁻¹) for macronutrients

E-Mail: natale@fcav.unesp.br

¹UNESP – FCAV. Via de acesso Prof. Paulo D. Castellane, S/N, Zona Rural, Jaboticabal-São Paulo - Brazil, 14884-900.

²EMBRAPA/CNPC. Estrada Sobral-Groaíras, Km 04, S/N, Zona Rural, Sobral - CE - Brazil, 62010-970.

³UNESP - Campus Experimental de Registro. Rua Nelson Brihi Badur, 430, REGISTRO - São Paulo - Brazil, 11900-000.

⁴EPAMIG - Fazenda Experimental Caldas. Avenida Santa Cruz, 500, CP 33, Caldas – Minas Gerais - Brazil.

N, P, K, Ca, Mg and S, respectively, and 35 to 48, 4 to 15, 68 to 93, 31 to 60 and 180 to 245 (mg kg⁻¹) for the micronutrients B, Cu, Fe, Mn and Zn, respectively. The dry matter production of guava seedlings was associated with nutritional status.

Keywords: Psidium guajava, nursery, leaf analysis.

Acknowledgement: To Mr. José Mauro da Silva and João Mateus da Silva for the opportunity to establish an experimental nursery in São João Farmer - Taquaritinga - São Paulo - Brazil.