

Tercer Congreso Latinoamericano de IUFRO









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San José, Costa Rica

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(14-06-2013) <u>Políticas públicas: herramientas para el fomento del</u>

(14-06-2013) <u>Desafios del desarrollo sostenible deber abordarse con un enfoque de paisaje</u>

(13-06-2013) Bosques y ser humano: una relación ineludible

(12-06-2013) Combatiendo la escasez de agua en América Latina: El buen manejo forestal esparte de la solución

(12-06-2013) Territorios climáticamente inteligentes: La forma de unir al hombre con su entorno

(12-06-2013) <u>Un reto para el manejo sostenible de los bosques</u> Eduardo Manzur

(12-06-2013) <u>Arranca congreso de investigación en bosques más</u> grande de América Latina

(4-06-2013) América Latina se reúne en Costa Rica para abordar desafíos de los bosques

Galería fotográfica



Ver <u>Ponencia inaugural</u> José J. Campos, Director General, CATIE

Visite las conclusiones, resúmenes y ponencias del Congreso



Fecha: 30 de setiembre 04 de octubre, 2013 Lugar: CATIE, Turrialba Costa Rica



IUFROLAT en los medios

(14-06-2013) Expertos internacionales analizan en Costa Rica el futuro de los bosques en el mundo. Telenoticias, Costa Rica (13-06-2013) IUFROJAT III IUFRO Blogs

(12-06-2013) Comunidades ticas deben atreverse a presenvar sus propios bosques. crhoy.com, Costa Rica

(6-06-2013) <u>IUFROLAT 2013</u>. Oficina Naciona Forestal, Costa Rica

(5-06-2013) 500 expertos analizarán en Costa Rica los retos que enfrentan los bosques. El Financiero, Costa Rica

Idiomas oficiales del congreso: español e inglés.

Organizan:

Mayor información: iufrolat@catie.ac.cr





Patrocinan:





















Height, diameter, and volume estimative and production prognosis of Tectona grandis L.f in reforested areas in Rondonia State, Brazilian Amazon

Eugenio Pacelli Martins* Marília Locatelli Jonilza Tavares of Souza

*Faculdade de Rondônia

pacellimar@yahoo.com.br

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The objective of this research was to make a diagnosis of planted areas with teak in Rondonia State, Brazilian Amazon, estimating diameter, height and volume growth, presenting some forest management regimes, in addition to simulate production prognosis. For the survey, it was used data from projects registered and approved by SEDAM (State Environment Development Secretary of Rondônia). After it was proposed to adjust equations using age as an independent variable (x) and the dependent variables, the diameter at breast height (DBH), commercial height (Hc) and volume with bark / tree. For each equation the coefficients of determination and residual distribution were estimated. The results show that municipalities with reforestation with teak are: San Francisco do Guaporé, Alta Floresta, São Miguel, Rolim de Moura, Colorado d'Oeste, Pimenta Bueno, Cacoal, Ouro Preto d'Oeste and Porto Velho. The planted area is 771.5 ha, from 2.0 to 300 ha. The most commonly used spacing is 3 x 2 m with 1667 trees / ha. The system of forest management with the highest incidence is 4 prunnings, being the 1st between the 2nd and 4th year, the 2nd thinning between 6 and 8 years, 3rd thinning between 10 and 12 years and the fourth between 10 and 15 years, with cut end at age 25. The equation adjusted estimates at 25 years of age a diameter of 45.7 cm and a commercial height of 9.10 m. The average annual increase in volume is 0.0441 m³/tree, with volume at 25 years of 1.1042 m³/tree. The prognosis of production for 25 years is 151.8 m³ and a cumulative volume of 382.78 m³/ha.